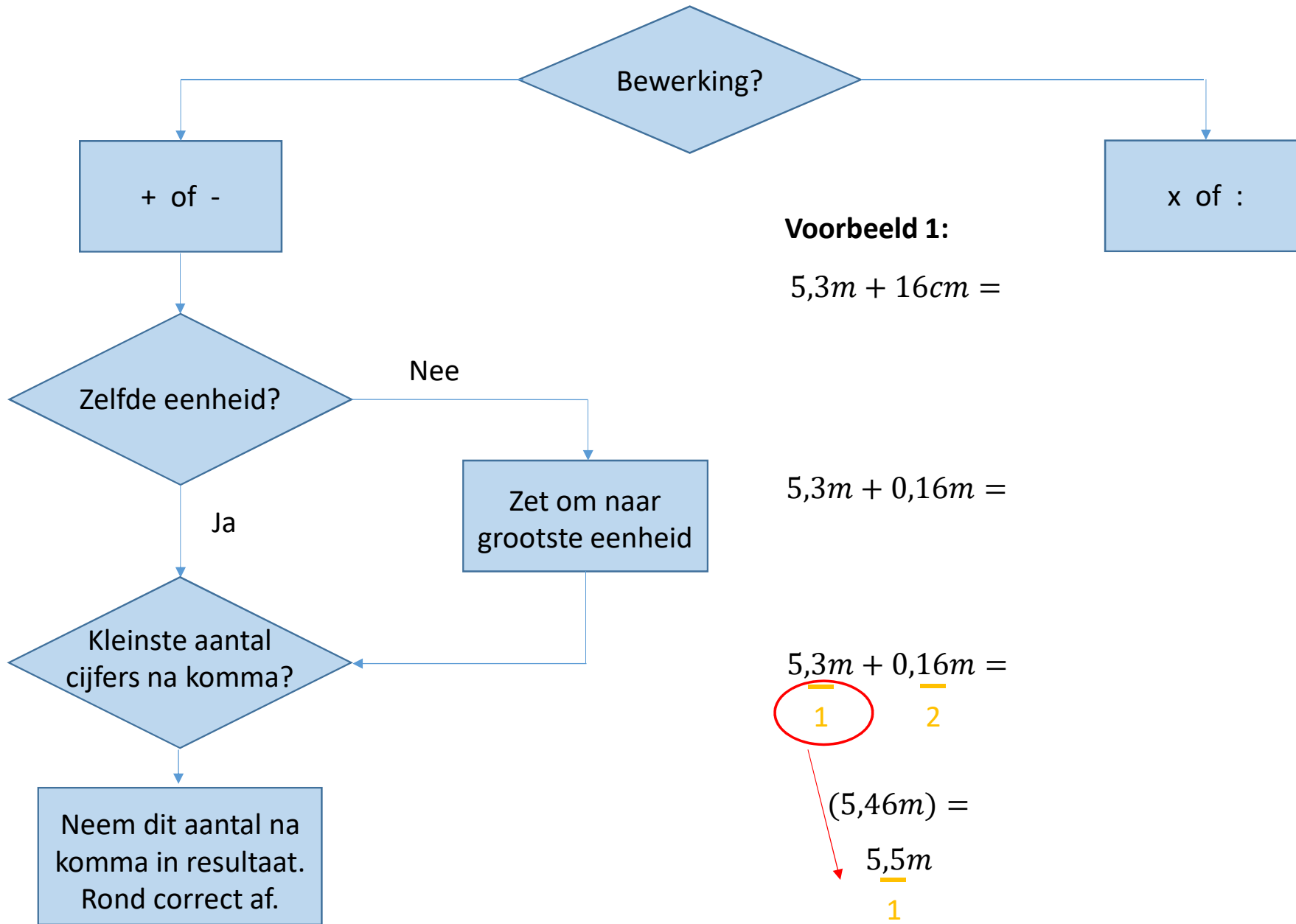


Benaderingsregels

Algemeen:

De minst nauwkeurige meting bepaalt de nauwkeurigheid van het resultaat.





Voorbeeld 1:

$$5,3m + 16cm =$$

$$5,3m + 0,16m =$$

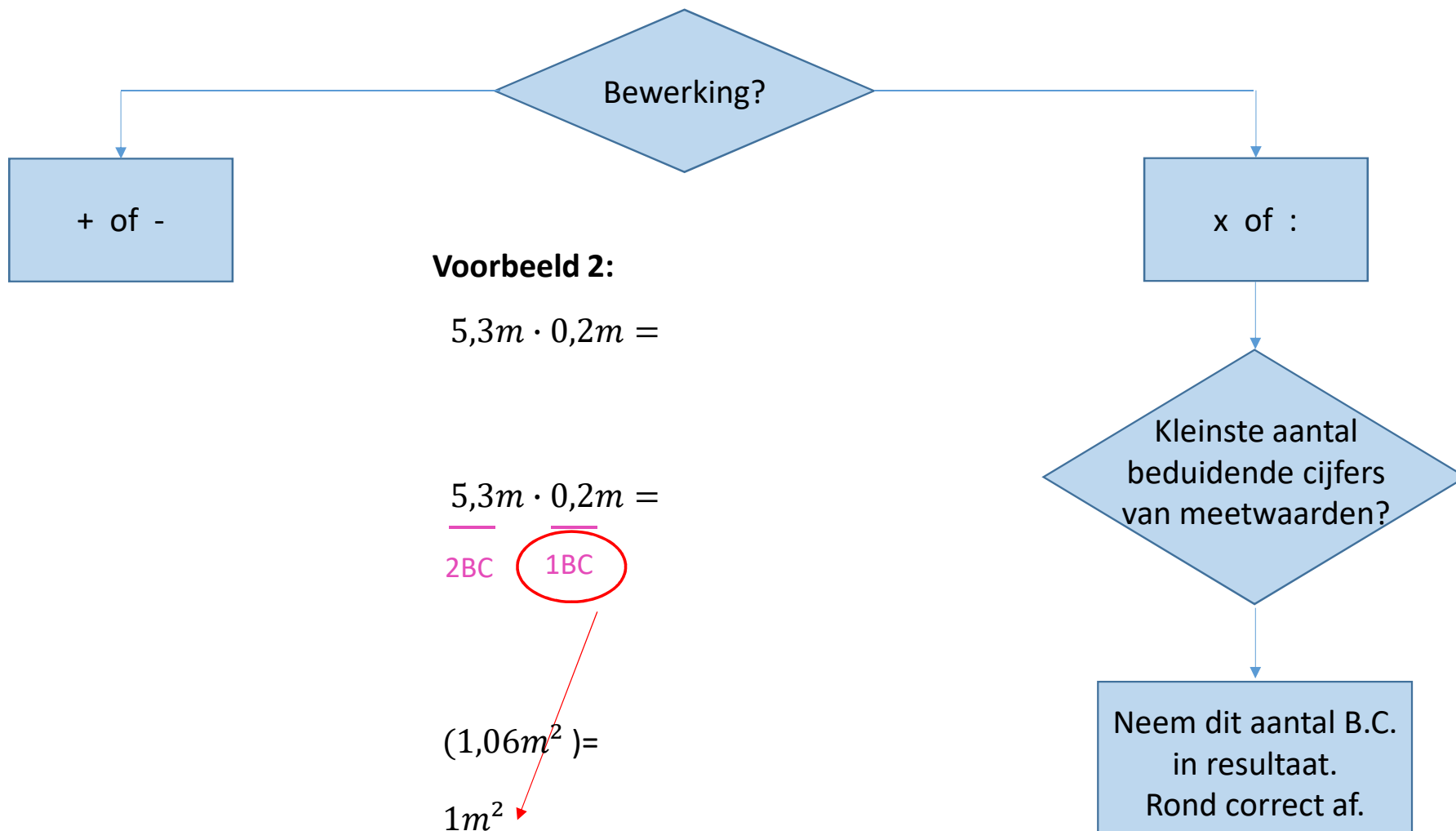
$$5,3m + 0,16m =$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{5,3m} \\ + \underline{0,16m} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$(5,46m) =$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{5,5m} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$5,3m + 16cm =$$



Voorbeeld 2:

$$5,3m \cdot 0,2m =$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{5,3m} \cdot \underline{0,2m} = \\ 2BC \quad 1BC \end{array}$$

$$(1,06m^2) =$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{1m^2} \\ 1BC \end{array}$$



